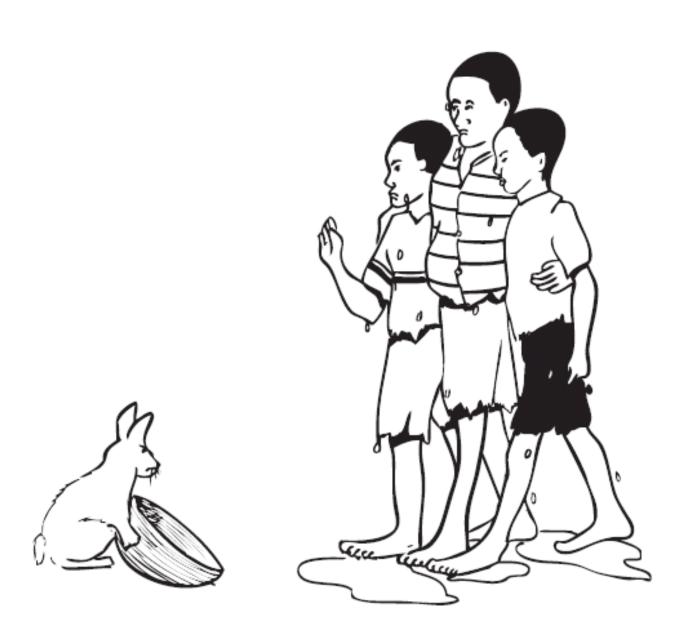
# Edaagizha alaGotaha



Gumuz Stage 3

#### Childhood Development Story Book

#### First Edition

This booklet is a product of the Benishangul - Gumuz Language

Development Project, which is a joint project between:

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and

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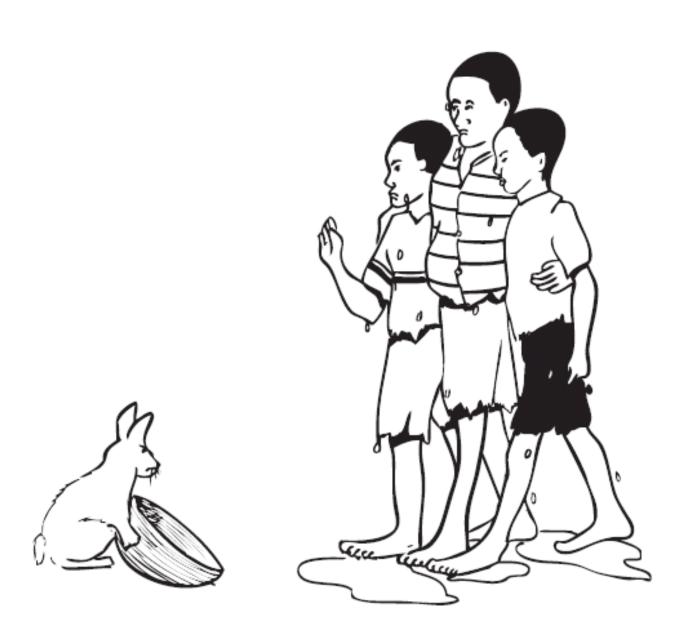
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Gumuz Stage 3



Na-oka nameeta, daats agotaha kágugaanza, daak'on, daaka, "S'iik'w ká-ara guk'wa."

Daakás'iik'okwe agaanza.



Nagana daanaarok'w guk'wa alaakás'iik'w agaanza, daakats kágudaamazee-hosa, daaka, "Taaçe kuu-hosa, t'ook'waan naguk'wa nala, esookoka koowa." Daakáçookwe adaamazeya kuu-hosa, daat'oon agotaha naguk'wa.



Nagana, kazhiiga-masowa guk'wa, daakáka kádaamazeya, "Tsookwa ká-aya, 'efookots." Daakabas'oosh adaamazeya hosa alamaama, nagana daatso koowa káligica. Nagana káboongwa, daaka agotaha, "Woçe, kohookwa kookwa, atibookwa." Kámaañjalana, daamazeya kasha-gotaha daac'ak'oots ahwa alamaama, daakohwo ká-aya.



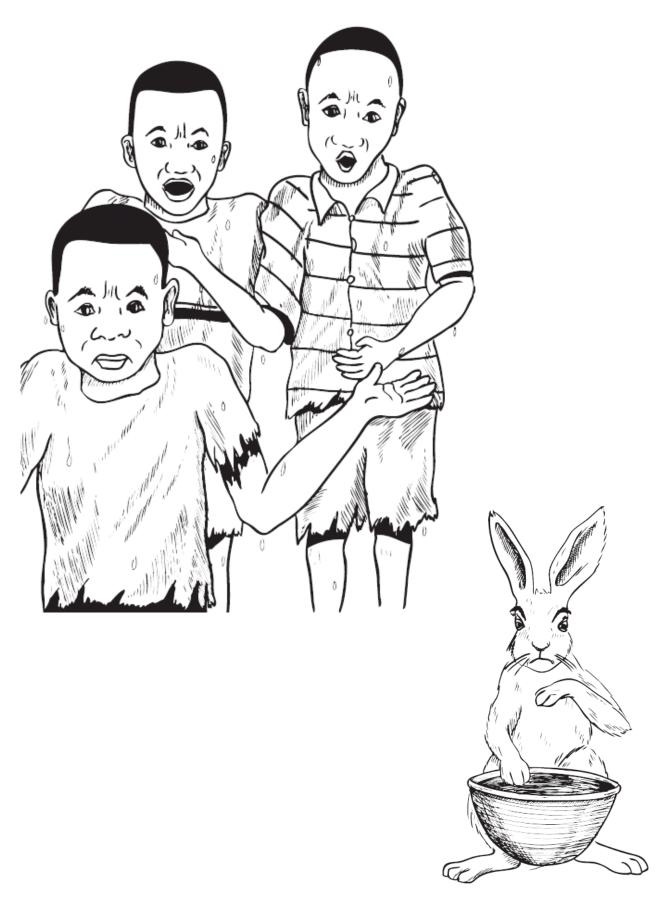
Daa'ooots adaamazeya eekotakoma, daakohwo koomaama kíla-aya. Gotahaakwe daapeets na-aya si kazhiiga-magamowaats adaamazeya. Daats, daas guk'wa alana, daakarok'w.



Gaa'eeshamaakwe daakankulis hosa kooma, daakwaae, daakohw ká-aya. Nagana daaka agotaha, "Pookots na-aya, ziyaala tsookwa, sookwa guk'wa alokwa." Daamazeyaakwe daaangasoolis, daapoots nila-aya. Nagwaatso kámasa-guk'wa, guk'waakwe kooma awotanaango.



Daaka agotaha, "Wuli alaas guk'wa?" Daakaakwe adaamazeya, "Ailagamaango." Daaka agotaha, "Wud'açalis hosa alaça." Nagwaawud'oolis adaamazeya hosa alamaama, daad'aboon guk'wa nalisamaama.



Nagana daat'o agotaha
pita-omaça kádida, daaka
"Tsaça kwaaçeek'on guk'wa
alam!"



Didaakwe daamaatsiyo, daambeyo, daat'amo ká-eba, daahadowe ma-obamaama.



Nagana daaka agotaha káhosa, "T'ooça b'agaça náád kák'waakuja." Hosaakwe kooma daaanzhuwiil b'agamaama, dáád kák'waakuja. Hosa meeta nagwaad'aambats maanzhiila-b'agamá, daad'aboweegw ab'aga kazhiiga -maanzhaaiil b'agamá kooma.



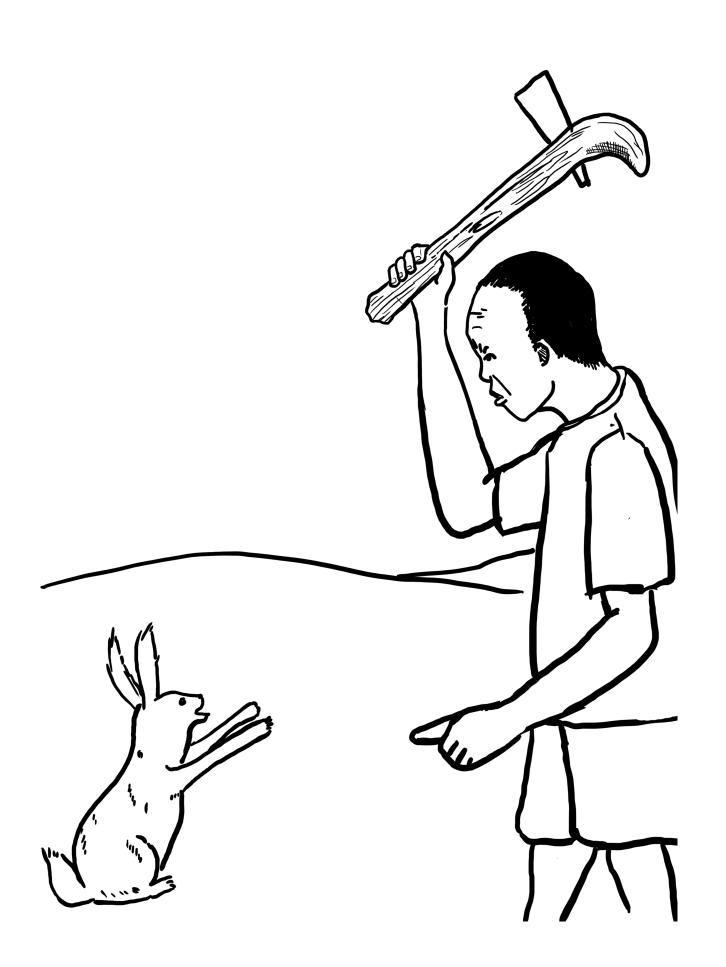
Nagwaad'aboweegw ab'aga, daaanzhiil agotaha b'agamá kák'ok'oja.



Nilaagu-b'aga nadaamatsa naçaañjaha nalana, daakohots cogo-daamfaga alameeta ak'ok'oja a-alana.



Nagana daamac adaamfaga a-alana, daafareek'w maakeya nak'o'eyaamá kámashaakáluk'w k'ok'oja alana.



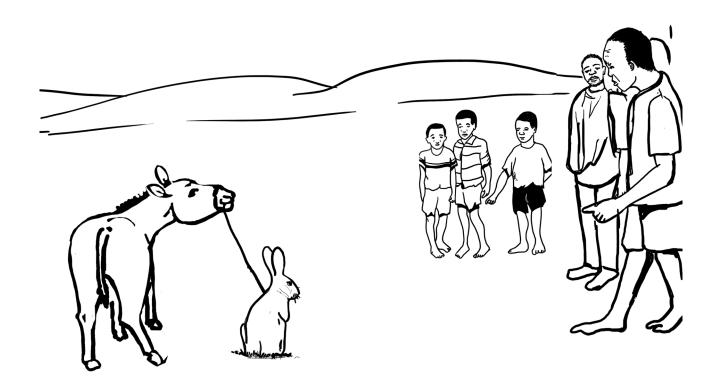
Nagana daakwaak'on agotaha b'agamá eelatisok'wa, daaka, "'Aampe, mashok'waango ara! Ara tso gotaha!"



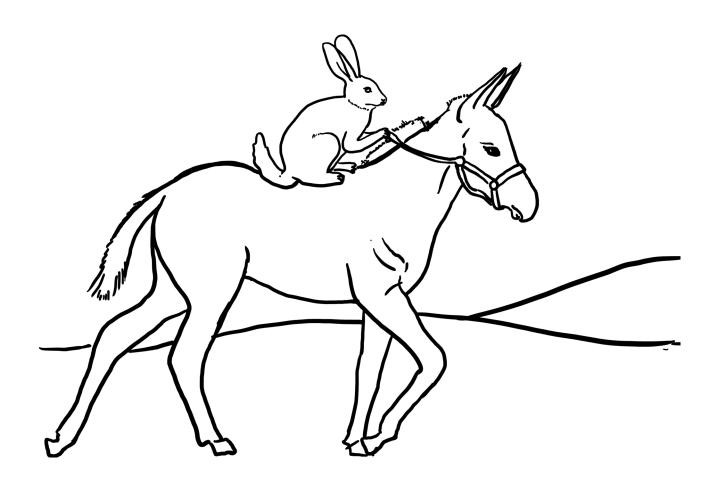
Nagana duwaamicok'w gotaha ab'aga adaamaweya kadaamfaga kalana.



Nagwuud'aak'osh kábongwa, daakákaao, "Ká-ntsi alaakáamicok'waam dida jinda alaakát'owaam hosa kámaanzhowiil b'agamaama kák'waakujajinda alaakát'owaam b'aguwa kák'ok'oja alaas'ac'an adaamfaga." Daaka agotaha, "Kámaañjalaas ahosa aalamaama guk'wa alam, nagwarkáka, 'Çiitaça,' daa'eyook'w."



Daafeyooshkwe ab'aga ngisha alagotaha eelaabisoots, daaangisoolis kámaçiitowa bagala meeta. Nagana daakángisho ab'aga kámakwaak'w b'aga-hosa alaat'owizh kák'waakuja eelatisok'wa. Daakwaaeek'okwe b'aga-hosa eelatisok'wa.



Nagana daaŋaarok'w bagala aluukáç alana, daatokon, daakats ká-ebamá.

### The Story of the Rabbit

- 1. One day, a rabbit went to an old woman and said to her, " Please, give me from your flour-mix." And the old women gave it to him.
- 2. Then, the rabbit took the flour mix and went out to shepherds and said to them," Give me some milk and we will add it to my flour-mix, and we will eat it together." The shepherds gave her milk, and she added it to the flour-mix.
- 3. But, before eating the flour-mix, the rabbit said to the shepherds, "Come on, let us go to the river and wash ourselves." The shepherds left their cattle in the field and went to the river together with the rabbit. When they reached the river, the rabbit said to the shepherds, "Come, let us fully immerse ourselves into the water, and swim." So, the shepherds and the rabbit removed their clothes and got into the water.
- 4. The shepherds thought the word of the rabbit to be true and all of them entered the water. But, the rabbit, unnoticed by the shepherds, came out of the water and ate the flour-mix quickly.
- 5. Then he took some left-over of the flour-mix and cunningly smeared the mouth of the cattle with it. He came back carefully and got into the water quicky. And he said to the shepherds, "Enough with the water, let us go and eat our flour-mix." The shepherds agreed and all of them went out of the river. But when they went to eat the flour-mix, it was all gone.
- 6. The rabbit said, "Who ate the flour- mix?" The shepherds replied, "We do not know." The rabbit said, "Please check the mouths of your cattle." When they saw the mouths of their cattle, they noticed some of the flour-mix on them.
- 7. The rabbit pretended to be very angry and said to the shepherd boys, "Go, replace my flour-mix quickly, from any place you can!"
- 8. The shepherd boys were surprised and ran away to the village. They called their fathers to help them.
- 9. The rabbit said to the cattle, "Make your bodies into termite mounds!" The bodies of the cattle were immediatly changed to termite mounds. One cow tried to change his body but had only partially changed when the people arrived.
- 10. As soon as many people came, the rabbit changed himself to a tree stump.
- 11. One of the people was an old man, and when he came he scratched his foot on the tree stump.
- 12. The old man got angry and took the axe which he was carrying on his shoulder and tried to cut down the tree stump.
- 13. The rabbit changed himself back to a rabbit and said, "My grandfather, please do not kill me. I am a rabbit."
- 14. All the men who came with the old man chased the rabbit to seize him.
- 15. After they caught him, they asked him, "Why did you chase the shepherd boys away? Why did you change the cattle into termite hills? And why did you turn your body into a stump which tripped the old man?" The rabbit replied, "I did all these things because their cows ate all my flour-mix. And when I told the shepherds to pay, they refused."
- 16. The men accepted his argument and believed that he had been really hurt and so they decided to give him a mule in compensation. They also told him to change the termite hills back to cattle. So he returned their bodies back as before.
- 17. Then he accepted the mule as a gift and rode it to his village.

### የተንቸል ታረክ

- 1. አንድ ቀን ጥንቸል አንዲት አሮጊት ሴትዮ*ጋ* ሄደችና፤ "እንኩሮ ስጪኝ " ብላ ለ*መነቻት*። አሮጊቷም ሰጧት።
- 2. ከዚያም አሮጊቷ የሰጧትን እንኩሮ ይዛ ወደ እረኞች ሄደችና "ወተት ስጡኝ በእኔ ላይ ጨምረን አብረን እንብላ" አለቻቸው።እረኞች ለጥንቸል ወተት ሰጧት፤ እርሷም በእንኩሮ ላይ ጨመረቸው።
- 3. ነገር ግን ገና እንኩሮውን ሳይበሉ፤ ጥንቸሷ እረኞቹን ተነሱና "ወደ ወንዝ ሄደን አንታጠብ "አለቻቸው። እረኞቹም ከብቶቻቸውን ትተው ወደ ወንዝ አብረው ሄዱ።በኋላ ጥንቸሷ እረኞቹን፤" ኑ ፤ ወንዙ ውስጥ ሙሉ በሙሉ ገብተን እንዋኝ" አሷት። ስለዚህ እረኞቹም ጥንቸሷም ልብሳቸውን አውልቀው ወንዙ ውስጥ ገቡ።
- 5. ከዚያም ለተንኮል በከብቶቹ ሁሉ አፍ ላይ እንኩሮውን ቀባባች።ከዚያም ተመልሳ ወንዝ ውስጥ ገባች። እረኞቹንም፤"ከወንዝ ውስጥ እንውጣና እንኩሮአቸንን እንብላ" አለቻቸው። እረኞቹንም ተስማምተው ከውሃ ውስጥ ወጡ። እንኩሮውን ሊበሉ ሱሉ እንኩሮው በሙሉ የለም።
- 6. ጥንቸሷም "ማን ነው እንኩሮውን የበላው?" አለች። እረኞቹም፤ " እኛ አናውቅም " አሉ። ጥንቸሷም "እስቲ የከብቶቻቸሁን አፍ እዩት" አለች። የከብቶቹንም አፍ ሱያዩት በአፋቸው ላይ የእንኩሮ ምልክት አንኙ።
- 7. በዚህ ግዜ ጥንቸሷ በጣም ተናደደች አስመስላ ልጆቹን ፤ "በሉ እንኩሮዬን ከየትም ፈል*ጋ*ችሁ መልሱልኝ "አለች።
- 8. ልጆቹም ተደናባጠው ሮጠው ወደ ቤታቸው ሸዥ። ሄደውም አባታቸውን ጠሩ።

- 11. ከሰዎቹ መካከል አንድ ሽማባሌ መንገድ ላይ እየመጣ ሳለ የተቀረው ጉቶ እባሩን መታው።
- 12. ሽማባሌውም ተናዶ በትከሻው ላይ የያዘውን መጥረቢያ አውርዶ ጉቶውን ቆርጦ ሊያስወባድ ሞከረ።
- 13. ጥንቸሷም ኍቶ የነበረውን አካሷን ወደ ቀድሞ ጥንቸልነቷ ቀየረቸና ፤ አያቴ! አትግደለኝ እኔ እኮ ጥንቸል ነኝ" አለችው።
- 15. ለምን ልጆቹን እንዳባረረቻቸውና ከብቶቹንም ለምን ወደ ኩይሣ እንደ ቀየረቸ፤ ደግሞም ለምን ጉቶ ሆና ሽማግሌውን እንዳደናቀፈቸው ጠየቋት። ጥንቸሷም፤ "የእረኞቹ ከብቶች እንኩሮዬን ስለ በሉብኝና እንኩሮዬን ክፈሉኝ ስላቸው እረኞቹ እምቢ ስላሉኝ ነው" አለቻቸው።
- 16. ሰዎቹም የጥንቸሏን ሓሳብ ተቀበሉ። መንዳቷንም ስላመኑ አንድ በቅሎ በካሳ መልክ እንዲሰጣት ወሰኑ። እርሷም ደግሞ ወደ ኩይሳ የለወጠቻቸውን ከብቶች ወደ ቀድሞ ሁኔታቸው እንድትመልሳቸው ነገሯት። እርሷም ከብቶቹን ወደ ቀድሞ ሁኔታቸው መለሰች።
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