

Language and Culture Archives

Yọ t'ộh gondi

Victor P. Monus and Anita Monus, compilers

©1970, SIL International

License

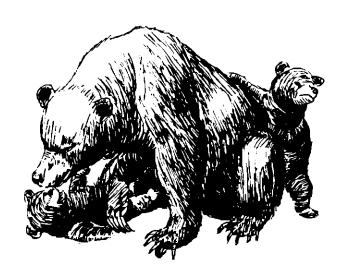
This document is part of the SIL International Language and Culture Archives. It is shared 'as is' in order to make the content available under a Creative Commons license:

Attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike (http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/4.0/).



More resources are available at: www.sil.org/resources/language-culture-archives.

Yo T'oh Gondi



Yọ T'ộh Gondi

SLAVE STORIES



© Summer Institute of Linguistics, Inc. Box 833, Calgary, Alberta, Canada Slave - Athapaskan Northwest Territories 1970:500

INTRODUCTION

This collection of Slave folk stories and stories relating to their customs has been prepared for the enjoyment of Slave people and others who learn to read Slave.

Before attempting to read this book, one should have mastered Slave Reader (Dene Yatié) land Reader 2.

These stories have been compiled by Vic and Anita Monus with LeRoy and Shirley Frye assisting in the illustrating and layout. All are members of the Summer Institute of Linguistics.

We want to thank all of our many Slave friends who told us the stories recorded in this book. Without their help this book would not have been possible.

CONTENTS

| Introduction | | 3 |
|---------------------------------|------|----------------------------|
| Haye sah ajá | • | 9 |
| Eyi thichq úye | ٠. | 12 |
| Łáh golo ejih déhtłah íle | | 15 |
| Dechi ejih detła île | • | 17 |
| Dene chi lo laánihdé | | 19 |
| Sah cho móndeji | | 20 |
| Yambaa déya chi k'o k'eaehdlá . | • | 22 |
| Tsá cho nádéh | | 30 |
| Yambaa déya sah łaánihthe | • | 31 |
| Sah gondeh | • | 35 |
| When Black Bear Comes in Winter | | 43 |
| The Dogrib Indian | • | TU |
| | | 11 |
| The Moore That Didn't Dun Amer | | 44 |
| The Moose That Didn't Run Away. | | 45 |
| Trees Don't Run Away | • | 45 46 |
| • | • | 45 |
| Trees Don't Run Away | | 45 46 |
| Trees Don't Run Away | | 45 46 47 |
| Trees Don't Run Away | | 45 46 47 48 |
| Trees Don't Run Away | | 45 46 47 48 49 |

Yọ T'ợh Gondi



Haye sah ajá

Éę dla eyi sah á thaa t'óh góhdli yíe ajá. Eyi á hat'á kí megha jíe húile t'áh, kí sah chu gots'edihsho íle ilé égúh. Jo náthídéh, eyi á ho edáidzené cho zaá gotah loo góhdli yíe. Eyi á kí tedhe godenítle cho tedhe agújá. Ho tli edíhhá édhi ilé égúh.

Dezqą kố tah at'i ilé égúh, yu'ế Sarah gochí t'ạa daht'o k'eh kốệ gố' qeyi á, tedhe tłi edíhhá. Ekố goágenda, eyi á sah dekeátłeh.

I t'áh nádaodídé t'áh, yudie godenítle á sah gotah ech'í t'áh, dúyé sah medzíihgo edé, dla móondeji dúyé ot'e. Dezoa kó tah k'éogúhthe égúh. I t'áh, Mek'éh goahndá, góhdíídi. Thíh agóhdíídí t'áh, ekó mek'éh dehtlah égúh.

Jo kí séé nidháa íle eyi á, theti ilé ó séé nahkóé ehtth'i ek'élu dé á líi, eyi k'éhé nahkóé sech'á déhch'í t'áh, ets'éníé úndihk'é ilé á, metl'á lá edihk'é t'áh, sah thihk'éh.

Eyi á kí séé sah etth'ené zo. Meké milá éhtah yáítę. Medzié éhtah ayó dahedéhtę. Eyi líi á łaándihthe t'áh, dúyé góhdli t'áh, kaondíh łaáts'enihthe íle edé dla kí deéhndíe kí dahsíi hóoyí, dezoa kí ayíi gháenda ésíi t'á dítlah ésíi á loohthi woh shéti gha sóondi. Eyi á sah kahlá ilé. Kí ekúh hat'á kí mejíé húile t'áh, i kahlá.

Gots'ęh sáodéhthaa yéé ehdzoo gáh k'eots'éhthe kí haye gokéhle. Yéé kí goek'élué k'éhé kí sah tene káodéhghale. Ekúh haye dla sah kaet'í ilé.



Eyi tłįcho úye

Yundîh łáh tłịch ó qt'e łié shíh k'eh saámba gúli gots'eh dene k'etle. Tłị ehts'étai mets'eh t'áh. Ts'uah te k'eh yáthela edé, méts'udeh íle, kó k'éndîh gedi loo, kóó yáenda íle t'áh, deehdzoo ó deehdzoo gáh naedah, dahsíi mewoh húle t'áh, káa hono ó dii tedhe ait'é.

Á dekột gots't naetlah, dahsii mewoh húle. Thị gha chu dahsii mewoh húle. Edi zọ shéti olí dấudí. I t'áh ettht the o. Ettht teh tsi déhtlah lọo. Ettht the o.

I t'áh k'oní miníé t'áh, káa eyi ét'ih deliệ gha kố thehtsị. Gots'ệh meliệ thaa gots'ệh shéeyeh íle t'áh, tlịch agit'e, kaondíh dene nezų deliệ k'éndíh kaondíh á agit'e. I tlịch úye.

I t'áh etthé delié gháedindí égýh. K'áhla delié gháedindí íle, melié hé haánidhe. Káa mets'ih 'óq melié ehts'étai séé meloh gots'é á haánidé.

I t'áh dájá t'áh ajá t'áh, kí etthé woh shéeti íle. Gots'eh mehchie nadéhsu t'áh, tai dzene mehchie nanozu, á ndu shíh kóé mehchie níanjsu.





Łáh golo ejih déhtłah íle

I łié gondi chu, si dechi tah aeht'í kaondíh goaéhnda. Íh golo úye dahsíi goloah dla dechi tah athít'i dla k'oní nahch'á ejih duhtłah enidhę. De'ózé aenidhe t'áh ot'e.

Á łáh łuk'éh 1965 ekúh yéé tthedzék'edéli deh gáh die tsá ka łuk'éh k'eh tłeelá t'áh ekó ó náthi'e. Nadéh'óh dla łáh golo gháehnda. Á kí mets'é séh adleh gots'eh á táejih déhtłah.

Gots'ęh yudie dánéht'é tedhe, tai tedhe lốt'e á illé gots'ệh á k'ét'áh naeht'óh égữh, á séé eyi ét'ih á gots'ệ tsá gohthệ t'áh séé tsine séh naedleh t'áh, dahsíi nádetth'ệ édhị endehthệ.

Á k'oní nidháa íle golo séé tł'á tha gúli k'á tth'elé cho tehni'a tha gúli golo theti. Ek'ade'a ló adi loo. Á kí káa dahsíi goloah dla nahch'á ejih detla ot'e, kóó k'oní nidháa íle golo gháehnda ekúh. Káa elá kéh thida gots'eh sets'é hono goké kaathaa sóondi á golo theti, yehah séh aleh.

Á nodęę dla séé sáenda. T'áh kaéhdehsi, Nahegháinda ét'ih, ejih duhtłah madidhi ilé é ejih dįtła é éhdehsi, mets'ę́ yáéhseh. Kaondíh kóó kí ejih déhtłah íle.

Gots'ệh ố sets'ế nahts'ế yáihtse kaondih ố kí káa yudáa ét'ih nahhéh déla gots'ế ố kí ejih déhtłah île. Eyi á golo dla ejih duhtłah madedhi ilé, ekúh dzene dla kí golo ka enidhe île dahodidhe lốt'e ajá ilé.



Dechi ejih detła ile.

Dene agedi dla, Dechị tah káa dahsíi goloah łaáts'edédhe enidé zo á shéts'etị. Dahsíi dla ayó ohk'éh máts'enda edé zo de'ózé meka náots'ehthe íle edé, dúwé łaáts'ihthi.

Káa goch'á ejih godehthi t'áh zǫ dahsíi golǫah ayǫ́ kaondíh. Kóó séé dahsíi hé zǫ ǫ́ goch'á k'édhé detła île. Dechį. I dla kí dúyé. Eyi á séé dahsíi dene gha met'áodé'á ǫ́ ǫt'e. Kǫ́ chu elį t'áh, dene gha met'áodé'á ǫt'e. Kóó káa kí godǫ mets'enidhę enidé, dánéht'é adúhdleh ts'enidhę edé, kats'eh'į. Gots'eh kí ejih detła île. Á eyi t'áh zǫ á káa yaaze káhsee nezų.

Gots'ęh dene ło yahnie gowoh yáoginde déhtth'e. Íh ohndaa ilé i kaondih ndahá ohndaa dla káa séé dúwé náedah gha dúwé edé, eyi chu ohk'éh kagedi. Éę, tse adéhdleh gha, tse adéhdleh égúh, káhsee níndehtí á, íh ayii gha tse oki nezu nái a, kóó dumáethehndi ilé loo? Gedi, de'ó gok'egili. Eyi chu adéhdlá t'áh á nezu olí. Dúh dúwé eghálaehnda, ekúh nezu eghálaehnda. Eyi chu éndehká sekóé níandila loo t'áh nezu olí, gedi, woh gogendeh. Ehé.



Dene chi ło łaánihdé

Di dene tthik'îhi dezége qlá t'áh, chi łaánihdé ts'edi chu gondi qt'e. T'áh di dene yéé chi ka k'eohdah enidhe t'áh esih á, yéé chi ka gok'eadedah. T'áh łáh mie goah gó q kédíya. Kédíya égúh, héé t'áh chi łq e i t'áh, chi łq ó ohk'éh enidhe, kóó detehmíhé yíe k'endetah ó tthik'íhi cho enandíh íle lqq.

Tthícho enandíh íle lqq, łíé tthik'íhi cho zq k'e'ah t'áh, dú kayuleh húli. Chi di łíé tthik'íhi cho t'áh chi úndihk'é olí, kóó ahq líé zq t'áh edehk'éh, ahq meghaihk'é edé, sech'á nidídé edé, dzáá agúht'e olí enidhe t'áh, dú kaondeh húli. Ayý yéh náenidhe égúh.

Égýh esih á, yu²ó dechi oki nái²a gháenda t'áh, t'a ayeleh gha yendidindíh t'áh, yets'é déhtłah. I dechi oki nái²a ts'é déhtłah t'áh, yegee tthik'íhi yegee ihgé t'áh, tthik'íhi dezége olá. Tthik'íhi dezége olá dla, ode t'áh chi ts'é edéhzy.

T'áh séé mie gombaa níniya, dla edéhk'é. Edéhk'é á, eyi mie goah łoethehk'é t'áh, eyi chi ayó łaánihdé, éhts'edi.

Sah cho móndeji

Attheé gonezų. Sah. Sah nahwoh náetłah. Nahwoh náetłah t'áh, selié ehts'étai dahthihgé. Eyi gots'eh eyi tłį yets'é ajá. Sah nechá dúyé at'į. Tłį ch'á ejih déhtłah olí endehthe t'áh ahłá kúlú, i dechį ło chu agúht'e. Ts'uah góah ło t'áh, mets'é ahjá kúlú, tthik'íhi tai nonéno zo ahłá.

I t'áh tthik'íhi dahsáa ajá, dahsáa ahjá olí, endehthe t'áh, tthịh naik'á, i gots'ệh ah'ị. K'ach'u mets'ế anahjá t'áh, dechị lọ dúyế kúú thị dahthihgế t'áh ah'į.

I t'áh sets'é ajá t'áh, i tłį dúhye sehah ajá gots'eh sah chu yek'éh ajá. Jo segáh sets'é hoh náech'í t'áh, séé medzié teh ethihk'éh, gots'eh káa k'édhé kandeh íle. Séé medhé yíe ahlá, taláh kadandih. Séé megó tl'a séé medzee k'eh ahlá, gots'eh sech'áhá kadandih. I sech'áhá kanajá. Yuníe ethihk'éh t'áh, káa yéé ních'í. Séé káa godadedéhdhé.

Íh gots'eh sah thihk'éh, gots'eh i tthik'îhi níndihgé, gots'eh sets'éke ká dehtlah. Gigháend gidhé kúú éndeji. Giéndeji t'áh, megáh níndehtłah, kúú á gigáh níónihthe, kúú káa giéndeji dúyé. I t'áh gigáh nádéhyah. Gots'ęh mecháhtá k'óla gigáh níónihthe. Giéndeji kúú káa gigáh nádéhyah.

I gots'ęh kí éndehji íle endehthę. Ndehji íle endehthę, kí setthí chu sedzee chu nátse. Setthí, sendí chu nátse dúyé. I t'áh ahłá kúlú níthit'a gots'ęh ehéle ts'é sa náe'a, sedelé chu nátse, sedelé kat'į t'áh, di sendaa yie chu godenítle kat'į t'áh, kí mbéh lá ats'įt'e lá aht'e. I t'áh kí séh keondedhe, kat'į á ndehji. Ekó kaodéhthaa ó gondah ehéle ts'é á sa náį? Qó, k'óla ndehji kaodéhthaa ó k'óla ndehji. K'óla ndehji edeodehsho.

Ín ehtřet'ón á sa káe a at'i, kí ndehji modihsho fle. Kúú káa sindí nátse. Sindí nátse, setthí chu nátse sóondi. I t'áh ndehji fle. Sindí nátse, ndehji fle kúlú di sedelé káa neji dúyé loo, kúlú aht'i t'áh, kaodéhthaa ndehji séh odidhe. Séh odidhe kúú k'óla mbéh lá aht'e di sendaa yie godeníte kat'i.



Yambaa déya chi k'o k'eaehdlá

Yuníe t'óh esih á yambaa déya k'edah esih á, łáh káa dedéhndíe ajá t'áh, łáh dla mię gots'é káiya t'áh, eyi mie k'eh dla chi łą k'e'óh dúyé gháenda. I t'áh esih á yundée nadéhtłah, gots'eh tehmih t'áh dla niemba łą idhah t'áh, niemba séé tehmih t'áh dánéh'óh qlá. I gots'eh ekő nadéhtłah.

Mię tạh dla níemba cho t'áage, esih á chi kagiéhndi, Sechile, ayíi aneh'i? giéhndi. Seyiné á ah'i, ndi. Ndi t'áh, Dla loo enidé, nahgha neji, giéhndi. Á Dla k'áh. Yudie yéé dahsihé á kóéah gohtsi. I gogháádé eyi nihyie thida zo sá gogha yáihji, ndi t'áh, Hé'e giéhndi. T'áh ekó k'ét'áh kodéhtkah t'áh, kóéah élú mééah thehtsi. Séé góhgha ayílá. Kí dúwé chi kóó yegee degha detka gots'é ayílá.

I t'áh káa gowoh anot'e dla, Káa, góhndi. I t'áh ekó gots'é nagodeh. Káa gowoh andaht'e, góhndi t'áh, gots'é gondeh t'áh, i giets'é togeh'e łáhcho.

I t'áh dla gigáh nihyie qgehthi, gigáh nihyie qgehthi. Kaget'į t'áh, séé dágenéh'ộh gots'ệ agejá. I t'áh, Kqt'ih á gogha yáéhjị dla yáts'enéhts'é zq gogha ehjị, góhndi. I t'áh gigha dahogehthe, séé yágenéhts'é dahgogehthe t'áh gogha ejį.

I t'áh dla gondahtó dla gok'o k'eaehdlá, gok'o k'eaehdlá, yendée edendée gots'é yededhéh. Edendée gots'é yededhéh.



Yek'o k'eaehdlá k'ach'u á ho nodęę ts'é dla chi yágenéhts'é ilé á naáne dla dendaatth'egó nindah dla goghágenda dla, Ehts'éndaa ho íle agodandih láondíh. Ehts'éndaa dágodandih ginidhe chu ho chu eji íle agodandih keogedéhsháh. I t'áh goágenda ilé á adeyó haágónihdé loo. Gok'o k'eaehdlá háhcho. Yundée edek'éh gots'é yedéedhah loo.

I t'áh káejih gogedethi gha. Tútsi éhtah káejih gogedehthi gha įlé dla, adeyó goįchię k'eatsóetah. I ts'įh'óné dúh tútsi kaondíh meké mechię́ k'eh dahthela ajá, ts'edi.

Eyi gots'ih'ço tútsi meké yádet'óhne ajá ts'edi, yádet'aze ajá, gedi. I dla kajá t'áh ajá. T'áh káa adeyó dla łaágónihdé.

I t'áh, Yaaze dédehndíe jh gonezų shéhtigha, ndi t'áh esih á, yu'ç yéé kçé godéhtsigots'é déhtłah. Gots'eh kç déhk'ç. Chiyáhaihdla. Yaaze hútl'íi esih á shéhtigha, ndi. Dla chi séyçlá, yets'í éhtah yeyíe káidhah. Lee yie ayédhah, lee yie ayédhah. Chi lo lee yie athedhah. Meké zo dla lee yie káthe'a ayílá.

Į́n gots'ęh, K'áh yếe goyah k'eohdah. Sedaa chi yấut'éh, ndi. I t'áh goyah yếe k'edah ilé á, nogée dla yetl'áaha yechi waiya. T'áh chi kế dehdlá ilé á, chi yátthíezí cho ts'ataá thela. Yaaze gonezų shéhti gha sóondi, nogée ndi.

I t'áh i chi dla i chi idedzéh. Nogée dla ayó idedzéh, idedzéh, kayeh'i. I t'áh, Medhęeh adeyó edehdzéh edé, jo níanotłah kóó jo aht'i enidé, sets'é ích'é gha, enidhe t'áh, medheeh t'óh ayó eduhdzéh enidhe. Yidedzéh, yidedzéh, gots'eh yeké yeké kaondíh k'ét'á dla łee k'eh deaedíhgé k'ach'u.



I t'áh vah o véé vah o níae jihet ah ilé á. káa yambaa déya oetleh. Oetleh, Yaaze, dédehndíe. Chi sedaa yátthíjzí sóondi. Kot'ih gonezu shóohti, ndi á, eyi chi chi ké kádehdlá, kádehdlá ilé á, kí chi mek'eh váhúle ajá. Ayó meké nogée yeké k'eaeh'á zo dla kí meké zo á łee yie yáthe a loo. Dúyé ích'é dúyé. K'oníh ích'é dúyé. T'áh, Ayíi ajá sóondi? ndi. Yéé k'et'íh ilé á, nogéeah yéé á theti. Séé edegháádé endéhdo. Séé edegháádé endéhdo á, theti á, dúyé yets'é ích'é. Dzene tandi agúht'e, kóó kí mendaa vie thé váedívoh séé váenda. Łaámóohthi kóó, chu medhéh k'eh edelé ajá olí, enidhę. I olí, enidhę. Á dú kayuleh eli. Kí kaot'é, enidhę. Káa jo k'áhla chi ło sets'eh á k'ach'u ndahá naduht'éh kúlu, enidhę.

T'áh k'ach'u kố łoedénidhah. K'ach'u ndahá łee yie athedhah k'ach'u. Gots'ęh k'ach'u meké káthe'a anayídlá. I t'áh, Chi thíh yáít'éh olí t'áh, segókố dúyé t'áh, yéé da'edenawóh. Da'edenawóh ekúh chu nihts'i gúli.

Da'edenawóh dla ts'éyę ts'éyę godi á. Segha dzáá adi, enidhę. Tsine anet'e, yéhndi. Thíh ayéhdindí. Yets'é ích'é t'áh, Ekó mets'é dekéehtla gots'eh, mek'eh thida edé, dúwé kadi sóondi. Sechi yáít'éh gowoh nádetth'e ts'óot'e, ndi. I t'áh ekó yets'é dekiítlah.

Dechị ts'ế dekiítlah t'áh, méh ehk'eh deek'áh. Įlé eyi dla dahtl'adéhtthá. I gots'ệh káa kí tsine adi ajá. Á i dahtheda, Yaaze gok'á gonezų dahohdá, enidhę á, dahtheda. Họ á dechị méh ehts'ế ajá. Dúwé nọtla. Íh mechié káhsee gonezų yáízí ilé á, k'áhla á dechị méh ehts'ế ajá. Ehch'á aahndeh, ehch'á aahndeh, góhndi, ehch'á gúhtsi, kúlú ehch'á agendeh íle. Káa hýtl'íi elets'ế agejá. Dúwé nọtla.

I t'áh i t'ộh ts'ệ k'ach'u nogée yechi natehdéhnde. K'ach'u ayố nayidéhdze k'ach'u. Dúyế i t'áh k'ach'u nogée ts'ệ ích'é.



Tsá cho nádéh

I tsá cho éhts'edi. Tsá mechoo i nádéh. I tthenáagóo dla ekí qt'e, ts'edi. Eyi q tsá nádéh q aguht'e. Yambaa déya séé i tthenáagóo metthídah yeghanihdla. Yekí ghanihdla. I t'áh tsá ejih godéhthe. Tsá ejih godéhthe. Káa ndahé i łaánihdé. Ndahé ejih godéhthe, yek'éh ajá, yek'éh ajá. Séé tu líit'a gottheé ts'é ekó q k'ach'u tsá łaánihdé. Ekó ejih godéhthe łaánihdé, ts'edi. Eyi medhéh k'áhla i tthe ékéh yambaa déya i tsá dhéh ehgo, ts'edi. K'áhla moódat'i, gedi. Ts'edi. Káa.



Yambaa déya sah łaánihthe

I t'áh k'ach'u yuníe t'ộh k'ach'u di yambaa déya ét'ih k'enadah t'áh esih á, lậh dla sah thetị líi dla wąetlah. I t'áh esih á, sah kaéhndi, Jo dla dáonendíh anet'e? yéhndi. Káa jo éndehdo k'ệhệ dla jo thitị á aht'e, yéhndi. Á medhąą neetł'é ło dúyé t'áh, yaaze łek'á móodat'į. Yaaze mon shóohtį, kóó ó dáohłeh t'áh łaámóohthi enidhę. Séé yéh náenįdhe dúyé. I t'áh kayéhndi. Ho yéh náenįdhe á, nodéé ts'ę á kayéhndi, Neetł'é dla gondaa níatsots'endetse dla yaaze chuą ehk'éch'a yáetánda lo yágodat'į dúyé. Dahsíi ałáhcho yaaze gondaa yie ch'á agot'įh dúyé ot'e, yéhndi. Á kaduhsí t'áh łaámóohthi nenedhę t'áh adįndi, yéhndi. Á, Íle, dla káa sį kah'į įlé á woh adehsi, yéhndi. Á, Dla edé, sį chu kaohłeh t'áh, dáondíh á adįndi dla sį chu kaohłeh.

I t'áh neetl'é dla ndahé nidídhah dla dendaa níatsqyendétse ilé, k'oní mendaa yáodendéts'a dúyé dla dendaa kéh thets'ádih t'áh, yegáh náetlah t'áh, yetthí t'qihtl'ah.





Sah gondeh

Yuníe t'óh esih á, hidli kóé godie tthechondu giéhndi k'eh dla sah gondeh nánde, ts'edi. Ilé. I esih á dene hé dla háh ekó názeh dée. Goyah náhzéh k'eoht'óh enidhe t'áh esih á, ekó názeh dée loo. Sée ndu cho ndee deh cho ndu gháádé níet'óh esih á, yudie dechi tah gots'é gots'endeh édhi t'áh, eyi táthee gots'eh edítth'e ilé t'áh, sah gondeh ts'edi ilé, eyi á adi loo.

T'áh yedítth'e t'áh įlé á, deyaake gots'ę́ gondeh. Seyaa, setúé, yu²⁄ó nidháa godahthi île, góhndi. Á gots'ę́ gondeh loo t'áh, eyi ló sah gondeh éhts'edi eyi ló éhts'edi loo enidhę t'áh, meyaake yu²⁄ó goyah mechoo ohthah nígondóoh²áh gháádé dla łaágóohthi gonidhę kóó chu dú kayuleh. Yu²⁄ó nígondóoh²áh at'į t'áh, káa kegoindeda.

In di sah dla sáathaa sáathaa dla deyaa detúé guka gondeh dla kadi zo. Á ho nodee kagóhndi, Yuoó nidháa lédahtthi íle. Jo yuoó goof t'áh eyi denichah di thahoíe jíe nechá káeoa, jíe woh shóohti. Yuoó nidháa godahthi íle, góhndi. I t'áh esih á, k'áhla jo nágúye,

gedi. I t'áh yu'ó go'í déhtlah hóoyí i dene dla yeyaake tehgodéhnde esih á, aihlah gotthí t'oihtl'ah esih á, elá ts'é aihlah kéagodídhah.

Á yu'ð dla yundaa á ndu dla ts'é nóodéht'e, dla eyi dla gots'eh ekó gots'eh dla dúhtth'e. Dáondíh á ats'edi dúhtth'e enidhe t'áh esih á, ekó nóodéht'e gots'eh kó háodéhk'ó gots'eh i sah yaa yáhadíhdla.

Yáhayedíhdla dla yunáa dla káa yįka odéhthe, yįka odéhthe t'áh, ho nodęę ts'ę́ dla deyaa guka gondeh édhį. Setúé, seyaa, godį gódahthe, godį gódahthe, góhndi édhį. Óndahdló, óndahdló, kadi kadi, kóó káa séé thíh adindí.

T'áh họ nodęę ts'é dla ekố náejih dítłah. Gụka náejih dítłah égýh á, káa náejih dítłah. Káa kí thíh adindí t'áh, i nítłah gots'eh yéé dene yunáa ndu k'eh á dene kố háodéhk'ố lọc. E'i t'áh dla eyi á sah yaa yáhadíli eli. Yeyaa yáhadíhdla.

Séé ni lý seyaa łaágónenehdé lǫq eký yáhagodíhdla lǫq, yéhndi. Dla dúyé yéh nádadetí t'áh k'oní yets'é ích'é dla káa dúwé. Á kayéhndi, Dla go o sets é ích é adindi edé dla sets é needihme, dáondih vehndi. Tué laáohthi olée senenehthe á adindi. Nets é needehme edé, káa tué laásénihthi gha sóondi. I t'áh chu kahndeh gha île, yéhndi dla, dúwé ayéhndi. Káa kí thíh ayéhdindí t'áh, dla ho nodee ts é dla go o yets é ích é dla, kayéhndi, Káa kí thah dahsáa esih á dechi tah thah newoehda olé ésíh, yéhndi. I t'áh kí i sah yaa háyadíhdla dla yáyedízí sóondi.

Séé gonezų shéetį gots'ęh kốę gots'ę anajá. Kốę gots'ę anajá, gots'ęh kốę gotah esih á, dene ndáh esih á, Sah kaséhndi, góhndi. T'áh deneke kagiéhndi, Dla sah kanéhndi edé, káa thạh łaánįhthi gha sóondi t'áh, dene ndah'íę uhtlah íle. Dene ndahtó yu'ó goah níutla íle, neghá ats'et'į enidé zo, giéhndi.

T'áh kí kaondíh. Kaondíh gots'eh tai imbéh dịi imbéh dáondíh sóondi k'ehoidhe tł'áaha, Kaséhndi loo á, kí kenandíh íle ajá sóondi enidhe t'áh, łáh dla dene k'éhé dahgodhe. Dene k'éhé dahgodhe esih á, tedhe gháádé dahogihthe.

Á séé ehti'et'éh sa káe'a gots'é dla dahogihthe láondíh. T'áh dla ehti'et'éh káa sa káe'a ét'ih dáuka nduhté enidhe. Kí yu'é dahsáa dahsíi ka goyah k'eoht'óh kóó enidhe t'áh esih á, deelá kéetiah t'áh, dahsíhé dé'e log. Káa nidháa dé'e dla deelá níenihgé, gots'eh dla nee k'eh dádéhtiah gots'eh nee k'eh dla k'etie. K'etie k'etie káa séé dláthaa dla nítiah sóondi káhsee méh yeehi agújá t'áh dla, Á kí goyah ohtéh kúlu. Dáhsee chu ayíi dahsíi dásuleh enidhe. I t'áh dla kéah déhk'é gots'eh dla níededéchú gots'eh ndéti.

Ndéti t'áh esih á, séé dláthaa dla ité sóondi dla mets'é gots'endeh. Mets'é gots'endeh, Niítłah. Ts'éts'eechu t'áh esih á, Niítłah, éhts'edi. Ilé á tsine á yeteh náeda égúh á, medzaá dah dahsíi médedíh láondíh, meyí chu. Dahsíi médedíh láondíh. Dahsíi menáhk'ó t'áh náthe'a láondíh yédedíh. Égúh.

T'áh káa i dla kaséhndi égýh dla eyi dla jo senáa náj? é dla aséhndi láondíh enidhę. I t'áh esih á, Dáhłá t'áh dla łaándihthe olí? enidhę sóondi t'áh, náendidhe kaondíh. Á etth'ené dla edewoh adhé ilé líi dla degombá



yiéhto chu, dáondíh sóondi á, eyi dla káachú. Tsineah dla kí náeda íle dla káyaachú. Káyechu, káyechu, kayehoi. Á káa séé gonezu káyaachú, dla séé gonezu ehnáa tandie yelalá éede. Dla, ekúh á kóla dení koedéhtha, jo sah yetsóé thágodátsóe yáenda tóáh, Káa nedéhtthóe, éhndi étóih etthóené sah dhá kéthúíhgé étóih sah dla medhá kéúoa ayílá tóáh, sah dúwé dahsáa ayeleh. Káa kí káyuhge gha thíh ayeleh. Á ekúh tóh dla yegáh noetlah tóáh, yetthí tójihtíah tóáh, ekúh gotsóeh sah gondeh húle tsóedi, dla káa ayó goloh góhtsi tóáh.

SLAVE STORIES

i n

ENGLISH

When Black Bear Comes in Winter

Once there was a black bear that came to the village in the middle of winter.

None of us living there had any idea that a bear was in the area, and children were out visiting around in the various homes. It was one night during the month of January—in the dead of winter—that suddenly all the dogs began barking and pulling on their chains.

The dogs which were tied near a cache behind Sarah's house were making the biggest commotion, so some of the people went there to look--and there was the bear trying to climb up to the cache.

There was a lot of commotion for a while, and in the midst of it all, the bear disappeared into the darkness.

During the Fall there had been very few berries and this bear was a very skinny thing, which caused him to be very dangerous. The children were still out visiting so we told some of the people to go and see where the bear had gone, but no one would go. So, I decided I had better go after it.

I followed him and found he had only gone a short way on the trail which leads from the village into the bush. There he was lying down, right on the trail. I shot him from behind, right in the back, and killed him.

When I looked him over he was nothing but skin and bones. His feet and ears had even been frozen. In extreme cold weather, if a bear in this condition wanders around hungry, it will most likely kill anything it meets or sees. They are very dangerous. That is the way the bear was which I shot.

A little later when the men went out on their traplines, they found where the tracks from this same bear had criss-crossed their dogteam trails.

The Dogrib Indian

Some time ago a game warden put out poisoned bait, marked it with small spruce trees, and warned people to leave them alone.

A short time later a Dogrib Indian from Yellowknife was traveling with a dogteam of six. He had been out on his trapline for 14 days and was returning home short of everything. He had neither dog food nor food for himself.

Along the way he found meat drifted over with snow. He didn't see the markers and didn't know about the poison. Happy to see relief in sight for both his dogs and himself, he made a fire to cook some of the meat. His dogs had not eaten for a long time and Dogrib Indians take good care of their dogs. They are known to be that way.

He started at once to feed his dogs, and even before he got through feeding them all, one of the dogs died. Then all of his dogs, six in all, died! He wondered what caused this, and didn't eat any of the meat himself.

He started out pulling his sleigh, and traveling for three days, he arrived at Fort Rae.

The Moose That Didn't Run Away

I've been in the bush and I've seen the way things are there. Now, moose and all animals, when they see people, will run away from them. They do that every time

In the Spring of 1965 I went upriver by boat. As I was going along I saw a moose, and as I got near it, it ran away.

About three days later, on my way down-river, I was quietly drifting along waiting for beaver, when I heard something. As I came close to shore I saw a moose lying on a sandbar among the willows, chewing his cud. Now, wild animals normally do run from people, but this was one time I got a very close view of a moose. As I drifted past him, he was only lying about 10 feet away from me.

He just lay there and looked at me. So I said to it, "Now, just as soon as you see us, you like to run away--so go ahead and run away!" However, he just stayed there!

As we drifted on past, he just stayed there sniffing in our direction and not moving. Moose normally want to run away, but that time it seems it must have known that I was not hunting moose that day.

Trees Don't Run Away

People say that one can eat only if he kills animals and that only if one tries hard to hunt for animals can one kill them.

All animals run away from people. There is only one thing that does not move out of a person's way and that is trees! For Indians it is the most useful thing. It is for fire, and therefore is very important.

Whenever a person needs wood, he can take and use as much as he wants. It never runs away.

I have heard a lot about the days gone by. Some people are so old that they can't get around well anymore. Sometimes they are heard to say, "Oh, I wish I was able to go and get some wood. When I could I was too tired. Why didn't I get those two good trees...Why did I leave them standing?"

When the people say this they feel very sad. "It would have been better if I had taken those two trees too... Now I can't work like I could then. It would have been better if I had chopped them down and brought them back to my house." This is how they talk.

The Duck Hunter

This is the story of the man who bent his gun and killed a flock of ducks!

A man was out walking around, hunting ducks, when he came to a small pond where there was a large flock of ducks. He looked inside his pack for his shells, but found that he had forgotten to bring any!

He had only one single shell, and he wondered what he could do. He thought to himself, "If I shoot at them with this one shell, I might miss and they would all fly away. That would be too bad.

He thought about it for a while, then seeing two trees standing close to him he came up with an idea. Going over to the trees he placed his gun between the trees and bent the barrel.

After he bent the barrel, he crept up close to the ducks--right to the edge of the pond and took a shot. To his own amazement, when he fired, the shot went all the way around the lake and killed a large number of the ducks!

The Dangerous Grizzly Bear

Everything was fine when all of a sudden a bear jumped in front of us! I unloosed my six dogs and they went after him. It was a great big bear and I thought perhaps it would get away from the dogs.

There was a lot of spruce and jackpine growing in that area and as I followed after the dogs I was worried as I only had a 30-30 rifle. I was afraid something might happen to the gun and then something might happen to me, so I sharpened my axe in readiness. Then I again went towards the bear, my dogs running loose.

Suddenly I heard the dogs turn back towards me and they ran past me, the bear chasing them! As the bear jumped close to me I shot it between the ears, but he didn't fall over. I quickly shot him again in the throat and he began to fall sideways—then with a third shot I got him in the heart and he finally began to turn away from me. As I shot him from behind he jumped a ways and fell right down.

I left the bear and my gun there and went to get my wife and family. When they came near the dead bear they were afraid. I stood alongside of it and they did too, but they were very much afraid.

I wasn't afraid. My head was strong and my heart was fearless. I butchered it but towards evening as the sun was setting my blood was shaking, which means I was nervous, and I felt dizzy and sleepy. It was only after the sun was setting that I realized that I had been frightened!

The next morning as the sun rose, I had no feeling of fear. My thoughts were brave and my head was determined. I wasn't scared! Only I still felt sleepy and things were still dark under my eyes which made me feel dizzy. My blood was scared! and it took me that long to realize that I was still scared!

Yambaa Déya Sings for the Ducks

Once long ago when Yambaa Déya was traveling around, he came to a pond on which was a large flock of ducks. At this time he was very hungry.

After he saw the ducks he went back into the bush to fill his pack with moss, and with it filled to the top he returned to the pond. There the ducks said to him, "Brother, what do you have?" He answered, "It's my song." "Well, then," said the ducks, "Sing for us."

"Wait a little bit," said Yambaa Déya,
"and I'll go and build a tipi. If I sit inside of it
I can sing better." They agreed so he went
back by the trees and built a small tipi made of
spruce boughs. He constructed it very tightly
so that even a duck couldn't possibly squeeze
through the walls.

"Okay," he said to them. "I've finished now." As he spoke they all swam toward him to the shore and went inside, one after the other, until the tipi was packed.

"Alright," said Yambaa Déya, "I'm going to sing now, but you must dance and close your eyes while you dance."

They all began to dance and sing with their eyes closed. Then, while they were not looking, Yambaa Déya began to break the ducks' necks one by one. He threw them, one after the other, behind his back and kept on doing this until finally some of the ducks began to peek under their eyelids. They were beginning to wonder why it sounded like there were less and less ducks singing and dancing. When they peeked, they saw what was going on, and that he had killed almost all of them and thrown them behind him.

The frightened ducks began to try to run outside. There were loons among them also, and they tried to escape, but as they tried to run past him he stepped on their backs. It is for this reason that today the loon's feet are so far back on its body and is also the reason why they have flat feet. This is what the people say.

When he had killed a large number of ducks, Yambaa Déya was very hungry and thought he'd have a delicious meal. He built a fire and while he dressed the ducks he said to himself, "Mmm, what a good meal this will make." He fixed the ducks for cooking by placing them one by one under the ashes, leaving only the feet sticking out.

While the ducks cooked, Yambaa Déya decided to take a little walk. After he had been gone for a while, Fox came along to where the ducks were cooking. He pulled out a leg and found the meat ready to eat. "Great," he said. I'm going to have all I want to eat." He ate and ate until he finished every last piece, but he hurried lest Yambaa Déya should come back and find him stealing. "He'll be furious if he catches me," he thought.

As Fox finished eating each duck, he stuck the feet back into the ashes as they had been before. About the time Fox left, Yambaa Déya returned. He said to himself, "I'm starving. The ducks must be ready by now."

Yambaa Déya pulled the feet of the ducks out, one by one, but there was no meat on any of them. Fox had eaten up every last bit of meat and just stuck the feet back into the ashes. He became very angry. "What in the world has happened! Who did this?" he thought.

Looking angrily around he saw Fox lying near-by, his stomach stuffed full. "What should I do with him?" he said to himself. "I'd kill him, but blood might get on his skin. What should I do?--Shucks, let him be! I still have some ducks here, and I'll cook up some more."

Gathering the fire together, he put more ducks under the ashes, leaving the feet sticking out again. This time he decided to rest in a breezy place under the branch of a tree while the ducks cooked. While he was resting, the branch made a sound, "Ts'ée, ts'ée." He didn't like that at all. "I don't like that noise—be quiet," he said. But the noise went on. Yambaa Déya became angry and said to himself, "If I climb this tree and sit on the branch, it won't be able to make this noise. It's bad for my ducks cooking." So he climbed up to where the branch was rubbing the tree and when he sat there the noise stopped.

As he sat in the cool breeze, all of a sudden the branches gripped him and he couldn't get down. By now his ducks were cooked, but there he sat, caught between two branches. "Come apart!" he said to them. "Come apart!" But they would not separate. He was stuck and couldn't get down.

Meanwhile, Fox returned to get more ducks. Once again he cleaned up on everything. Yambaa Déya was just as mad as he could be at Fox!

The Giant Beaver

The Giant Beaver's lodge is Nahanni Butte. At one time Yambaa Déya tore the top off their lodge, causing the beavers to run away. At the same time he killed some of them and chased others all the way down to Fort Norman. There he killed more of them. The place where the pelts were stretched out on Bear Rock is visible today.

This is what is commonly told.

Yambaa Déya and the Bear

One time Yambaa Déya went out for a stroll. He came to a place where a bear was lying down and he said to the bear, "What are you doing here?" "I am full and taking a nap," said the bear.

All around the bear were lots of cranberries and he looked very fat from eating them. "I'd sure like to eat him, but how shall I kill him?" thought Yambaa Déya to himself. He thought it over and finally said to the bear, "If a person takes cranberries and squeezes them into ones eyes, he will see many kinds of beautiful birds. Everything around him will look wonderful." "You say that because you want to kill me, "answered the bear. "No, I have done this myself. That's why I am telling you." "Well, if that's the case," said the bear, "How do you do it? Show me and I'll try it too."

So the man took some berries and squirted them into the bear's eyes, which of course, made them sting and he had to rub them. While the bear was rubbing his eyes and couldn't see, Yambaa Déya jumped alongside of him and clubbed him to death!

The Talking Bear

A long time ago on Big Stone Island, upriver from Fort Simpson, there lived a bear that could talk.

One day a man went to Big Stone Island to hunt. As he was paddling his canoe along near the island, he heard something back in the bush talking. Being curious, he pulled ashore to listen. People had been talking about a bear that could talk, and what he heard sounded like it might be a bear.

As he listened, he heard the bear talking to her cubs. "Son, daughter, don't go too far away," she said.

"It must be the talking bear," thought the man and he tried to think of a way to attract the cubs away from the mother bear.

Meanwhile Mother Bear kept calling to her cubs. She told them firmly, "Don't go away. I'll be over here behind a clump of trees where there are berries. Don't go too far away," she said.

The cubs said, "Okay, we'll play here," and Mother Bear went behind the clump of trees to eat berries. Just then the man came and chased the cubs down toward the water and clubbed both of them to death, then dragged them down to his boat. He quickly paddled across to the island where he made a fire and singed the hair off the cubs.

He kept listening for the Mother Bear while he did all this, and suddenly he heard her calling the cubs. "My daughter, my son, where have you gone?" She kept calling but got no answer and began running around in fright looking for them, but in vain.

Then she looked across to the island and saw the man preparing some meat from the cubs. "So you are the one who has killed my cubs," she said angrily in despair. He answered, "Well, if you are so angry, why don't you swim over here?" Mother Bear answered, "I know if I swim over to you, you will drown me. I won't do it," and he couldn't coax her to swim across to the island.

In a final burst of anger, Mother Bear warned the man, "Some day I'll meet you alone in the bush." Unconcerned, the man went on cooking the meat. When he had eaten all he wanted, he returned to town and told everyone that he had seen the talking bear, and what it had said.

The people said to him, "If that's what it told you, whatever you do, don't go anywhere alone. Always have someone with you."

Things went along as usual for three or four years, and he thought that by now the bear had forgotten what it had told him.

One evening there was a tea dance in the village and the people danced all night until sunrise. As the sun was rising, he thought to himself, "What's the use of going to bed? I'm going hunting for a while."

He got into his boat and after paddling a long way he pulled ashore and began walking. He walked a long way and began to feel sleepy. He thought that nothing would harm him there so he made a fire, curled up and went to sleep.

He had been asleep for quite a while when all of a sudden he heard a voice talking to him. It said, "Wake up!" As he awoke he moved around a little and felt there was something on either side of him, touching his body and his legs. Then he remembered what the talking bear had said to him. "Now, how will I kill her?" he thought.

In his sleeve he had a bone which he had been keeping there. Cautiously he removed it and placed it carefully in his palm. Then he uncovered his face, and there stood the bear, mouth wide open! "Yes, I heard you," he said to her and quickly put his hand, with the sharp bone in it, into the bear's open mouth. When the bear tried to close her mouth the bone lodged in it and she was unable to do anything. In the meantime, the man jumped up and clubbed the bear to death. And that was the end of all talking bears!

